WEST Search History

Hide Items | Restore | Clear | Cencel

DATE: Tuesday, December 30, 2003

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0. L 111	<u>Set</u>	Query	Count
Hide?	<u>Name</u>	THES=ASSIGNEE: PLUR=YES; OP=A	1DJ
	DB=PC	GPB,USPT,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI,TDBD; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=A	4
	L8	L6 and pattern	0
	L7	L6 and patern	24
	L6	ethen.in.	3
	L5	14 not 13	7
	L4	5764974[uref]	5
	L3	5794239[uref]	29
	L2	L1 same (quer\$ or command\$) same (compar\$ or match\$)	404
	L1	(pattern or string) near3 (repositor\$ or log or database) same (definition or answer or response)	401

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

Fwd Refs First Hit



L8: Entry 2 of 4

File: USPT

Nov 28, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6154787

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6154787 A

TITLE: Grouping shared resources into one or more pools and automatically reassigning shared resources from where they are not currently needed to where they are needed

DATE-ISSUED: November 28, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION: COUNTRY ZIP CODE STATE CITY NAME

MN Champlin Urevig; Paul D. ИM Stillwater Malnati; James R. MN New Brighton

Ethen; Donald J. MN White Bear Lake Weber; Herbert L.

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: TYPE CODE COUNTRY ZIP CODE STATE CITY 02 NAME

Blue Bell PAUnisys Corporation

APPL-NO: 09/ 010099 [PALM] DATE FILED: January 21, 1998

INT-CL: $[07] \underline{G06} \underline{F} \underline{13}/\underline{14}$

US-CL-ISSUED: 710/8; 709/5, 709/223, 709/226, 709/249

US-CL-CURRENT: 710/8; 709/223, 709/226, 709/249

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 710/8, 709/5, 709/223, 709/226, 709/249

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

	Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 5008853 5018060 5093913 5228137 5315711	ISSUE-DATE April 1991 May 1991 March 1992 July 1993 May 1994	PATENTEE-NAME Bly et al. Gelb et al. Bishop et al. Kleinerman et al. Barone et al.	US-CL 364/900 707/205 711/152 395/500 395/275

	5826239 5889956 5898883 5996013	September 1994 November 1995 April 1997 October 1997 December 1997 February 1998 October 1998 March 1999 April 1999 November 1999	Hirosawa et al. Ozawa Sakakura et al. Chung et al. Service et al. Carleton et al. Du et al. Hauser et al. Fujii et al. Delp et al. Dekoning et al.	395/575 395/185.08 395/475 709/104 395/183.22 395/200.04 705/8 709/226 711/147 709/226 395/727
I	6009275	December 1999	Dekoning et al.	

ART-UNIT: 272

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Lee; Thomas C.

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Elamin; Abdelmoniem

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Johnson; Charles A. Starr; Mark T. Nawrocki, Rooney & Silverston, P.A.

Method and apparatus for providing a timely, automated re-assignment of resources, such as peripheral devices, memory, and/or processing capacity, among a number of host data processing systems. In a preferred embodiment, the present invention allows peripheral devices, such as tape drives, to be configured as shareable units, and accessed by any participating host data processing system as the need arises. The invention preferably includes a central coordinating facility, which evaluates the device status information gathered, from each participating host data processing system. The device status information is used to determine which host data processing systems have free devices available for use. Within these constraints, the invention automatically orchestrates the re-assignment of selected peripheral devices from where they are not currently needed to where they are needed, with little or no operator interaction.

50 Claims, 6 Drawing figures

Cenerale Collection Print

L2: Entry 21 of 29

File: USPT

Aug 11, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5794239

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5794239 A

TITLE: Apparatus and method for message matching using pattern decisions in a message matching and automatic response system

DATE-ISSUED: August 11, 1998

COUNTRY ZIP CODE INVENTOR-INFORMATION: STATE CITY MN

Roseville NAME Walster; James Earl MN St. Paul

Wiggins; Mark Anthony

TYPE CODE ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY 02 CITY NAME PΑ

Blue Bell Unisys Corporation

APPL-NO: 08/ 521203 [PALM] DATE FILED: August 30, 1995

INT-CL: [06] G06 F 17/30

US-CL-ISSUED: 707/6; 707/1, 707/100, 707/102, 395/112 US-CL-CURRENT: 707/6; 358/1.13, 707/1, 707/100, 707/102

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 395/606, 395/112, 707/1, 707/6, 707/100, 707/102

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

	Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 5315711 5361353	ISSUE-DATE May 1994 November 1994	PATENTEE-NAME Barone et al. Carr et al.	US-CL 395/275 395/700

ART-UNIT: 271

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Amsbury; Wayne ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Min; Donald

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Johnson; Charles A. Starr; Mark T.

A system for automatically responding to character-based messages is disclosed. A pattern database is defined with pattern definitions for matching input messages and response definitions for automatically responding to matching input messages. Patterns definitions include token definitions which define criteria for matching a portion of an input message. The pattern definitions further include pattern decisions that contain logical expressions which increases the flexibility in defining patterns to match messages. The response definitions include function definitions and optional function decisions. Functions to be performed in response to a matching message are specified in the function definitions, wherein performance of the specified functions is dependent upon evaluation of the function decisions.

27 Claims, 40 Drawing figures

Fwd Refs First Hit

Print Cenerale Collection

Jun 9, 1998 File: USPT L2: Entry 22 of 29

US-PAT-NO: 5764974

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5764974 A

TITLE: System with user specified pattern definitions for matching input messages and associated decisions for conditionally responding to the input messages

DATE-ISSUED: June 9, 1998

INVENTOR-INFORMATION: COUNTRY ZIP CODE STATE CITY NAME

MN Roseville Walster; James Earl MN St. Paul Wiggins; Mark Anthony

TYPE CODE ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: COUNTRY ZIP CODE STATE CITY 02 NAME

Blue Bell PA Unisys Corporation

APPL-NO: 08/ 521003 [PALM] DATE FILED: August 30, 1995

CROSS-REFERENCE This patent application is related to the co-pending patent Application No., 08/521,203, entitled, "APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR MESSAGE MATCHING USING PATTERN DECISIONS IN A MESSAGE MATCHING AND AUTOMATIC RESPONSE SYSTEM, " filed on Aug. 30, 1995 by Walster et al.

INT-CL: [06] $\underline{G06} + \underline{17/30}$

US-CL-ISSUED: 395/606; 395/603, 395/604, 395/21, 395/54 US-CL-CURRENT: 707/6; 706/20, 706/50, 707/3, 707/4

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 395/603, 395/604, 395/606, 395/21, 395/54

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

	Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 3614328 4285049 4341929	ISSUE-DATE October 1971 August 1981 July 1982	PATENTEE-NAME McNaughton et al. Bird et al. Alexander et al.	US-CL 179/15AT 364/900 179/90B

				179/6.11
П	4608460	August 1986	Carter et al.	364/200
	4791556	December 1988	Vilkaitis	379/67
	4922519	May 1990	Daudelin	379/67
		December 1990	Padden et al.	
	<u>4979206</u>	November 1992	Dowden et al.	379/88
	5163083		Egnor	434/323
	5180309	January 1993	Rohra Suda et al.	395/12
	5282265	January 1994		395/275
	5315711	May 1994	Barone et al.	379/93
	5379340	January 1995	Overend et al.	395/600
		May 1995	Borgida et al.	
	5418943	January 1996	Ichinohe et al.	382/198
	<u>5485531</u>		Lockwood	395/227
	5576951	November 1996	Rohra et al.	395/12
	5627940	May 1997	Konia 33 35	

ART-UNIT: 237

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Black; Thomas G.

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Homere; Jean R.

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Johnson; Charles A. Starr; Mark T.

ABSTRACT:

A system for automatically and variably responding to character-based messages is disclosed. With user specified input, a software tool creates a pattern database. The pattern database consists of pattern definitions for matching input messages and response definitions for automatically responding to matching input messages. Pattern definitions define criteria for matching an input message. The response definitions include function definitions and optional function decisions. Functions to be performed in response to a matching message are specified in the function definitions, wherein performance of the specified functions is dependent upon evaluation of the function decisions.

22 Claims, 40 Drawing figures

Generate Collection

L3: Entry 3 of 5

File: USPT

Sep 18, 2001

US-PAT-NO: 6292797

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6292797 B1

TITLE: Method for determining actionable patterns in a database

DATE-ISSUED: September 18, 2001

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

ZIP CODE STATE

COUNTRY

Tuzhilin; Alexander S.

New York

NY

Adomavicius; Gediminas

Jersey City

NJ

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

TYPE CODE

New York University

New York NY 02

APPL-NO: 09/ 130844 [PALM] DATE FILED: August 6, 1998

The present application claims the benefit, under 35 U.S.C. section 119(e), of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/055,005, filed Aug. 7, 1997.

INT-CL: $[07] \underline{G06} \underline{F} \underline{17/30}$

US-CL-ISSUED: 707/6; 707/3, 707/102, 707/203 US-CL-CURRENT: 707/6; 707/102, 707/203, 707/3

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 707/6, 707/102, 707/10, 707/3, 707/203

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

		Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
53: 55: 55: 55: 55:	F-NO 25466 72604 81634 86240 359743	ISSUE-DATE June 1994 November 1996 December 1996 December 1996 August 1997	PATENTEE-NAME Kornacker Simard Heide Khan et al. Adams et al.	US-CL 395/77 382/224 382/226 395/769 395/621

				364/491
		March 1998	Yang	707/6
	<u>5731986</u> 5764974	June 1998	Walster et al.	382/160
	5764974 5774576	June 1998	Cox et al. Walster et al.	707/6
	5794239	August 1998	Wong et al.	707/6
	5809499	September 1998	Zhang et al.	707/10
	5832182	November 1998	Seide	704/256
	5857169	January 1999	96100	
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OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Hambaba, Intelligent Hybrid System for Data Mining, IEEE Catalog No. 96TH8177, p.

Kamber et al. Generalization and Decision Tree Induction: Efficient Classification in Data Mining, IEEE, pp. 111-120, Apr. 1997.*

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Klemettinen, "Finding Interesting Rules from Large Sets of Discovered Association

Silberchatz et al., "What Makes Patterns Interesting in Knowledge Discovery

Matheus et al., "Selecting and Reporting What is Interesting: The Kefir Application Shen et al., "Metaqueries for Data Mining", pp. 375-397. Systems", pp. 1-13. to Healthcare Data", Advances in Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, AAAI/MIT

Agrawal et al., "Mining Association Rules between Sets of Items in Large

Databases", IBM Almaden Research Center, pp. 207-216. Silberschatz et al., "On Subjective Measure of Interestingness in Knowledge

Piatesky-Shapiro et al., "The Interestingness of Deviations", AAA1-94 Workshop on Knowledge Discovery in Databases, KDD-94, pp. 25-36.

ART-UNIT: 211

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Black; Thomas

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Coby; Frantz

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Baker Botts L.L.P.

A user specifies a hierarchical action tree via user input device and user interface element. The action tree is arranged in a tree of file directories, with each node of the tree corresponding to a file directory (or path). The user then specifies classes of patterns assigned to each node (directory) of the tree using data mining queries or pattern templates. Once the system is so initialized, the pattern templates and data mining queries are executed, retrieving the patterns specified by the user from a database. The retrieved patterns assigned to a node of the tree are then stored in a file in the corresponding file directory. The user may now act on the discovered patterns and use the organized file structure. A pattern discovery optimization element periodically checks if the database has changed substantially, and if it has re-executes the data mining queries and changed substantially, and if it has re-executes the file structure accordingly.

26 Claims, 5 Drawing figures

First Hit

Generate Collection

L2: Entry 9 of 29

File: PGPB

Oct 17, 2002

RULE-47

COUNTRY

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20020152438

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020152438 A1

TITLE: Parallel scan test software

PUBLICATION-DATE: October 17, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

Terry, Steven W.

STATE CITY US TX

Irving

APPL-NO: 09/ 834023 [PALM] DATE FILED: April 11, 2001

INT-CL: $[07] \underline{G01} \underline{R} \underline{31}/\underline{28}$

US-CL-PUBLISHED: 714/726 US-CL-CURRENT: 714/726

REPRESENTATIVE-FIGURES: 2

ABSTRACT:

The present invention provides an improved boundary scan test system that can scan device scan paths in a parallel manner. In one embodiment, an improved method for processing a scan command from a pattern file is provided. The scan command is associated with (e.g., includes, points to) test device data that is to be scanned into physical system under test devices of a type specified by the command. Initially, a parallel device structure is acquired for the specified device type. The parallel device structure has one or more groups each identifying one or more parallel scan paths of devices within the physical system under test. A scan image is then prepared for each of the one or more groups whose one or more identified parallel scan paths include a device of the specified device type. For each group whose one or more scan paths has a device of the specified device type, a scan request, with the scan image prepared for the group, is then generated for that group. The scan request, when provided to a utility unit, causes the unit to scan in parallel the scan image into the one or more scan paths of the group in order to scan the test device data into the devices of the specified device type within the group.

First Hit



File: PGPB

L2: Entry 11 of 29

Mar 14, 2002

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20020032735

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020032735 A1

TITLE: Apparatus, means and methods for automatic community formation for phones

and computer networks

PUBLICATION-DATE: March 14, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION: NAME Burnstein, Daniel Crawford, Carl Karet, James M. Lebed, Jay Starfield, Jeffrey Wood, George	CITY Brookline Brookline Worcester Brookline Watertown Scottsdale	STATE MA MA MA MA AZ AZ	COUNTRY US US US US US US US	RULE-47
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APPL-NO: 09/ 934093 [PALM] DATE FILED: August 21, 2001

Application is a non-provisional-of-provisional application 60/228203, filed August 25, 2000,

INT-CL: $[07] \underline{G06} \underline{F} \underline{15}/\underline{16}$

US-CL-PUBLISHED: 709/204; 707/6 US-CL-CURRENT: 709/204; 707/6

REPRESENTATIVE-FIGURES: 1

ABSTRACT:

An automatic telephone, Internet or intranet community formation system that utilizes spoken words or matching search terms. The invention utilizes wireless and wired voice communications, database and list serve technology to archive and match users based upon their search terms entered into a telephone system or a search engine, Internet, intranet, extranet, local area network, wide area networked, wired, wireless or standalone computer. A community formation system refers to a means of inviting one or more persons to communicate via voice, email or other method and join in a discussion. Invitations to join would be sent via an email, SMS, instant messaging, phone, web browser, email or fax communication. The user would have control over whether s/he wanted to be invited into a community, the age of desired matches, the closeness or breadth of the matches, the duration of the community, and the type of community--voice or text. Also, users have the ability

to a.) conduct joint searches and b.) jointly and severally rate the content information, websites, or other subjects, and c.) to pick settings to establish his or her actual identity or to adopt an anonymous identity.

Generate Collection

L2: Entry 12 of 29

File: USPT

Dec 16, 2003

US-PAT-NO: 6665824

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6665824 B1

TITLE: System and method for handling a failure reporting conversation

DATE-ISSUED: December 16, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

Redmond

Redmond

STATE

ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

Ruhlen; Matthew J.

Glerum; Kirk A.

WA WA

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

TYPE CODE

Microsoft Corporation

Redmond

WA

02

APPL-NO: 09/ 570825 [PALM] DATE FILED: May 15, 2000

INT-CL: [07] <u>H02</u> <u>H</u> <u>3</u>/<u>05</u>

US-CL-ISSUED: 714/57; 714/38 US-CL-CURRENT: 714/57; 714/38

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 714/57, 714/4, 714/38, 717/124, 717/126, 717/127, 717/174

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

	Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 5237677 5522036 5812748 6122754 6378087 6438749	ISSUE-DATE August 1993 May 1996 September 1998 September 2000 April 2002 August 2002	PATENTEE-NAME Hirosawa et al. Shapiro Ohran et al. Litwin et al. Flanagan et al. Chamberlain	US-CL 714/57 714/38 714/4 714/4 714/38 717/174

ART-UNIT: 2184

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Le; Dieu-Minh

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Merchant & Gould

The invention is a software module configured for handling failure information from a large base of clients. The invention is configured for a four-stage network conversation between a client and a server. In the first stage, the module collects failure information and creates a string address. The string address is sent to the server, where the string address is compared to predefined string addresses. In the second stage, the client creates a record query with the failure information for the server. The record query is sent to the server and compared to predefined failure records. In the third stage, the client transfers additional failure information to the server, and the server acknowledges information transfer. In the fourth stage, the client sends a confirmation message to the server. When necessary, a predefined string address corresponding to the particular failure information is created on the server for subsequent reference by a stage one network conversation.

19 Claims, 5 Drawing figures



L2: Entry 12 of 29

File: USPT

Dec 16, 2003

TITLE: System and method for handling a failure reporting conversation

- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps: in response to determining that the string address does not <u>match</u> a predefined <u>string at the repository</u>, creating a record query with failure information; accessing the repository to search a set of predefined failure records; and determining whether the record query matches a predefined failure record.
- 16. A method for handling a failure in an application program module, the method comprising the steps: collecting failure information from the application program module; creating a string address with the failure information; determining whether the string address <u>matches</u> a predefined string address at a repository; in response to determining that the string address <u>matches</u> a predefined <u>string address at the</u> repository, sending file content located at the matching string address from the repository to the application program module; in response to determining that the string address does not <u>match</u> a predefined <u>string</u> at the repository, creating a record query with failure information; accessing the repository to search a set of predefined failure records; determining whether the record <u>query matches</u> a predefined failure record; in response to determining that the record query does not match a predefined failure record, starting a preset counter for tracking needed additional failure information requests; creating a failure record with failure information corresponding to the record query; sending a request for additional failure information to the application program module; in response to determining that the record <u>query matches</u> a failure record, determining whether the preset counter is greater than zero; in response to determining that the preset counter is zero, sending a request for additional failure information to the application program module; sending additional failure information from the application program module to the repository; decrementing the preset counter; determining whether the preset counter is greater than zero; and in response to determining the preset counter is zero, creating a string address corresponding to the record query.
 - 17. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for handling the reporting of a failure in a computer program, the computer-executable instructions performing the steps of: collecting failure information from the computer program: creating a string address with the failure information; determining whether the string address $\underline{\text{matches}}$ a predefined $\underline{\text{string address at a}}$ repository; in response to determining that the string address matches a predefined string address at the repository, sending file content located at the matching string address from the repository to the computer program; and in response to determining that the string address does not $\underline{\mathsf{match}}$ a predefined $\underline{\mathsf{string}}$ at the repository, creating a record query with failure information; accessing the repository to search a set of predefined failure records; and determining whether the record <u>query matches</u> a predefined failure record.

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Generate Collection

L2: Entry 18 of 29

File: USPT

Jun 27, 2000

US-PAT-NO: 6081774

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6081774 A

TITLE: Natural language information retrieval system and method

DATE-ISSUED: June 27, 2000

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:	
-----------------------	--

INVENTOR-INFORMATION: NAME de Hita; Carolina Rubio Akker; David van den Govaers; Erik C. E. Platteau; Frank M. J.	CITY Antwerpen Antwerpen Malle Borgerhout Schoten	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY BE BE BE BE BE
Deun; Kurt Van Macpherson; Melissa de Bie; Peter Laviolette; Sophie	Albuquerque Berchem Brussels	МИ		BE BE

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:			GID CODE	COUNTRY	TYPE CODE
NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	-	02
Novell, Inc.	Provo U	UT			

APPL-NO: 08/ 916628 [PALM] DATE FILED: August 22, 1997

INT-CL: [07] $\underline{G06}$ \underline{F} $\underline{17/27}$, $\underline{G06}$ \underline{F} $\underline{7/00}$

US-CL-ISSUED: 704/9; 707/3 US-CL-CURRENT: <u>704/9</u>; <u>707/3</u>

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 704/1, 704/9, 704/10, 704/530, 704/531, 707/3, 707/10

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

	Search Selected	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 5251316 5325298 5475587	ISSUE-DATE October 1993 June 1994 December 1995	PATENTEE-NAME Anick et al. Gallant Anick et al.	US-CL 704/10 704/9 704/9

		Morishita	707/532
5761688 5794178 5913215	June 1998 August 1998 June 1999	Caid et al. Rubinstein	704/9 704/10

ART-UNIT: 277

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Isen; Forester W.

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Edouard; Patrick N.

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Wolf, Greenfield & Sack, P.C. Morris; James H. Sherr; Alan B.

An information retrieval system that represents the content of a language-based ABSTRACT: database being searched as well as the user's natural language guery. In accordance with one aspect of the invention, the information retrieval system includes a nonreal-time development system for automatically creating a database index having one or more content-based database keywords of the data base; and a real-time retrieval system that, in <u>response</u> to a user's natural language <u>query</u>, searches the keyword index for one or more content-based query keywords derived from the natural language query. The development system and the retrieval system morphologically, syntactically and linguistically analyze the data base and the natural language query, respectively, to generate the one or more database keywords and query keywords representing the content of the database and the natural language query, respectively. The development system includes a software development system for creating the <u>database index utilizing a pattern</u> dictionary that includes synonyms and skip words and a morphosyntactic dictionary that includes morphological and syntactic information for words in the natural language of the language-based database and the natural language query. In one embodiment, the retrieval system includes a natural language interface system for creating the one or more query keywords utilizing the pattern dictionary and the morphosyntactic dictionary. In one embodiment, the retrieval system also includes a query-index matcher for matching the one or more query keywords with the one or more database keywords.

16 Claims, 19 Drawing figures

Cenerale Collection Print

L3: Entry 14 of 15

File: USPT

Apr 21, 1998

US-PAT-NO: 5742746

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5742746 A

TITLE: Character output control method and apparatus for terminal

DATE-ISSUED: April 21, 1998

COUNTRY ZIP CODE INVENTOR-INFORMATION: STATE CITY JΡ

Yokohama

NAME JΡ Doi; Hitoshi Yokohama Okutsu; Masayoshi

STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY TYPE CODE ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: CITY 02

Maynard MA NAME Digital Equipment Corporation

APPL-NO: 07/ 952863 [PALM] DATE FILED: November 24, 1992

FOREIGN-APPL-PRIORITY-DATA:

APPL-DATE APPL-NO May 30, 1990 COUNTRY

2-140578 JΡ

102(E)-DATE 371-DATE PUB-DATE PCT-DATA:

PCT/JP91/00708 May 28, 1991 WO91/19275 Dec 12, 1991 Nov 24, 1992 Nov 24, 1992

INT-CL: [06] G06 K 15/00

US-CL-ISSUED: 395/115; 395/110 US-CL-CURRENT: 358/1.16; 358/1.11

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 395/100, 395/101, 395/109, 395/110, 395/114, 395/115, 395/116, 395/150, 395/501, 395/507, 395/508, 395/511, 395/514, 395/167, 358/404, 358/444,

358/467, 358/261.4, 358/470, 345/192, 345/195, 345/467

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED: U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Clear Search ALL Search Selected

US-CL PATENTEE-NAME ISSUE-DATE ON-TAG

			Inose et al.	369/900
	4051457	September 1977	Funk et al.	395/425
	4648069	March 1987		345/195
	4686525	August 1987	Nagata	395/116
	4811242	March 1989	Adachi	395/110
		September 1991	Kawamura	395/110
	5044790	March 1992	Sudoh et al.	
	5093903		Horiuchi et al.	395/110
	5297246	March 1994	Mori	395/110
П	<u>5313565</u>	May 1994	Strobel	395/110
	5579449	November 1996		395/110
• ••••	5592593	January 1997	Speed	395/115
		September 1997	McIntyre	
	<u>5671246</u>	-	- a CHMENEC	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

		COUNTRY	US-CL
FOREIGN-PAT-NO	PUBN-DATE February 1990	EP	
356 104	November 1989	GB	
2 218 550			

ART-UNIT: 274

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Bost; Dwayne

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Legree; Tracy M.

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Hudgens; Ronald C. Drozenski; Diane C.

ABSTRACT:

A terminal, such as character display unit or printer, has a character pattern memory region. A host system controls an operation of outputting a character to the terminal. In case of outputting a desired character to the terminal, firstly an examination is made at the side of the host system as to whether or not a character pattern corresponding to the desired character is stored in the character pattern memory region. When it is determined that the character pattern has not been stored in the character pattern memory region, the character pattern from the host system is loaded into the character pattern memory region.

5 Claims, 4 Drawing figures

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L3: Entry 14 of 15

File: USPT

Apr 21, 1998

TITLE: Character output control method and apparatus for terminal

FIG. 3 is a block diagram corresponding to FIG. 1, and the flow of processing in Detailed Description Text (9): the embodiment shown in FIG. 3 is similar to that of the flowchart of FIG. 2. As indicated within a functional block 10A in FIG. 3, this embodiment includes an interface 14 for designating the control method of the functional block 10A from the user or application program of the terminal 1. With an "initialize" request 40 and using system commands, the user of the terminal 1 sets the filename of the character-pattern database 30 and a size (the maximum number of the elements of a queue) and a management method (such as the LRU method or the FIFO method) for the character pattern cache emulation in the terminal control software and notifies the terminal control software of the use of the software ODL function. The notified terminal control software 10A prepares and initializes a memory for the character pattern cache emulation, and executes initialization for retrieving the character pattern database 30.

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May 4, 1999 File: USPT L3: Entry 12 of 15

US-PAT-NO: 5900024

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5900024 A

TITLE: Method for processing type-ahead input and operation-abort input

DATE-ISSUED: May 4, 1999

COUNTRY INVENTOR-INFORMATION: ZIP CODE STATE CITY NAME

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STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY TYPE CODE ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: CITY 02

NAME CA Redwood Shores Oracle Corporation

APPL-NO: 08/ 745025 [PALM] DATE FILED: November 7, 1996

INT-CL: [06] G06 F 9/00

US-CL-ISSUED: 712/225; 712/201 US-CL-CURRENT: 712/225; 712/201

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 395/561, 395/736, 395/566, 395/567, 395/733

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

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PAT-NO 4764864 5301331 5438677 5623603 5664200 5689713	ISSUE-DATE August 1988 April 1994 August 1995 April 1997 September 1997 November 1997	PATENTEE-NAME Takane Ueno et al. Adams et al. Jiang et al. Barlow et al. Normoyle et al.	US-CL 395/736 395/733 395/736 395/200.37 395/741 395/736
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ART-UNIT: 274

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Lall; Parshotam S.

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Maung; Zarni

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Blakely, Sokoloff, Taylor & Zafman LLP

A method for processing user-input that may include a command to abort a previously ABSTRACT: requested operation and typed-ahead data entered in anticipation of completion of the previously requested operation is disclosed. The user-input is represented by a value queued in a first queue by an operating system. According to the present invention, the value is removed from the first queue and examined to determine if it represents a command to abort the previously requested operation. If the value represents a command to abort the previously requested operation, the previously requested operation is aborted. If the value does not represent a command to abort the previously requested operation, the value is queued in a second queue, and, after completion of the previously requested operation, the value is removed from the second queue and associated with a display window to which user-input is focused at that time.

22 Claims, 8 Drawing figures

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File: USPT

L3: Entry 12 of 15

May 4, 1999

TITLE: Method for processing type-ahead input and operation-abort input

Consider now the message handler 600 and event loop 700 depicted in FIGS. 6 and 7, respectively, in the context of the FIG. 1 order entry screen 100. Assume that after entering the company name and pressing the key (or keys) which initiates the data retrieval operation, the order clerk types ahead the word "Pencils". Assume further that after the data retrieval operation is initiated at step 425 of message handler 600, no response from the <u>database</u> server is detected in step 430 for a number of iterations. In that case, steps 510, 515 and 610 of message handler 600 will be iteratively executed to remove messages indicating the typed-ahead characters ('P', 'e', 'n', 'c', 'i', 'l', 's') from the hardware event queue, confirm that none of the messages indicate a command to abort the data retrieval operation, and then <u>queue</u> the characters on the second <u>queue</u>. If, after the <u>string</u> "Pencils" has been queued on the second queue, data retrieval is completed, program execution proceeds from step 430 to step 435 where message handlers for the Company Name, ID#, Contact, Telephone and Address windows (110, 115,120,125 and 130) will be invoked to display the retrieved information designated for each window, and the keyboard focus will be shifted to the Item window 135. Thereafter, the message handler 600 will be exited and program execution will continue at step 710 of event loop 700.

Returning to the point in the example above where the order clerk typed ahead the string "Pencils", suppose further that the order clerk, realizing that the wrong company name had been entered, presses ctrl-break, ctrl-c or any other designated keys to abort the data retrieval operation (or, at least, to abort the routine awaiting a response from <u>database</u> server). Now, after repeated execution of steps awaiting a response from <u>database</u> sorter, i.e., are second <u>queue</u>, the message 510, 515 and 610 to <u>queue the string</u> "Pencils" in the second <u>from the bandware</u> handler will remove the message indicating the abort command from the hardware event queue at step 510. Upon detecting the abort command at step 515, program execution will proceed to block 615 where the second queue is emptied. It will be appreciated that emptying the second <u>queue</u> after detecting an abort <u>command</u> may not be desirable in every application program and that step 615 therefore represents an optional operation. However, in the Order Entry Application of FIG. 1, aborting the data retrieval operation means leaving the keyboard focus in the Company Name window 110. Consequently, omitting to empty the second queue at step 615 would result in the characters "Pencils" being entered into the Company Name window 110 by event loop 700. By emptying the second queue in step 615 of message handler 600, this undesirable result is avoided.

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May 1, 2001 File: USPT L3: Entry 11 of 15

US-PAT-NO: 6226659

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6226659 B1

** See image for Certificate of Correction **

TITLE: Method and apparatus for processing reports

DATE-ISSUED: May 1, 2001

COUNTRY ZIP CODE INVENTOR-INFORMATION: STATE CITY CA

Redwood Shores NAME CA Wong; Simon Alameda Wilson; Stewart CA Hayward Tilli; Marco

TYPE CODE COUNTRY STATE ZIP CODE ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION: 02 CITY CA

Redwood Shores NAME Oracle Corporation

APPL-NO: 08/ 710440

DATE FILED: September 17, 1996

INT-CL: [07] G06 F 17/30

US-CL-ISSUED: 707/526; 707/1 US-CL-CURRENT: 715/526; 707/1

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 710/30, 710/203, 710/100, 707/104, 707/526, 707/1, 709/107.

PRIOR-ART-DISCLOSED:

	U.S.	PATENT DOCUMENTS	
	Search Selecte	Search ALL Clear	
PAT-NO 5379427 5504897 5644786 5671365 5832504 5835762	ISSUE-DATE January 1995 April 1996 July 1997 September 1997 November 1998 November 1998	PATENTEE-NAME Hiroshima Gans et al. Gallagher et al. Binford et al. Tripathi et al. Gans et al.	US-CL 709/107 710/30 710/100 707/104

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February 1999

710/203 Binford et al.

ART-UNIT: 211

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Amsbury; Wayne

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: Hickman Palermo Truong and Becker LLP Becker; Edward A.

A method and apparatus are provided for processing reports. Upon system startup, a ABSTRACT: report server automatically starts one or more report processes. As client report commands are received from one or more client applications, the client report commands are assigned to one or more of the executing report processes. After a report is completed, the report process is automatically reinitialized and kept active to process another report. The report server automatically adjusts the number of active report processes based on the current report processing load requirements. According to another aspect of the present invention, a report queue is provided to store client report commands as they are received from the client applications. A report queue manager is also provided for externally managing the report queue.

56 Claims, 5 Drawing figures





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File: USPT L3: Entry 11 of 15

May 1, 2001

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6226659 B1

** See image for Certificate of Correction **

TITLE: Method and apparatus for processing reports

Upon receiving the client report command 310(3) from the client application 302, the report server process 304 stores the client report command 310(3) in a report queue 312. The report server process 304 then determines whether the report process 306 is available for report processing. The report process 306 may not be available if a prior report is not yet completed. Once the report process 306 is available, the report server process 304 reads the report command 310(3) from the report queue 312 and then transmits a server report $\underline{\text{command}}$ 310(4) to the report process 306. After receiving the server report command 310(4), the report process 306 opens a report definitions file (RDF) 313 (FIG. 3A) which indicates what data is to be included in the report and how it is to be arranged. The report process 306 then issues DBMS commands 310(5) to the DBMS 308 to establish a session/connection to the DBMS 308 based on the <u>database</u> connection <u>string</u> contained in the server report command 310(4) and to retrieve data from the DB 309 (FIG. 3A). The DBMS 308 then transmits data 310(6) back to the report process 306. With this data, the report process 306 prepares a report and transmits it to its intended destination, such as a printer or file. However, according to other embodiments of the present invention, report processing may involve other tasks such as printing a previously prepared report or merging two or more previously prepared reports. As is typical of report processes, the report process 306 may write intermediate report files to a storage medium (not illustrated) as necessary to complete its report processing.

According to another embodiment of the present invention, upon startup, the report server process 304 automatically starts and initializes a minimum number of report processes 306 before client applications 302 begin issuing client report commands 310(3). If the number of unprocessed client report commands 310(3) in the report queue 312 greatly exceeds the processing capability of the currently executing report processes, then the report server process 304 dynamically allocates additional report processes 306 up to a maximum number of report processes 306. On the other hand, if because of reduced report demand, many of the report processes 306 are idle, the report server may terminate one or more idle report processes 306 to reduce processing overhead. Many report process allocation schemes may be used and the type and sophistication of the particular report process allocation scheme used depends upon the particular report system 300. When subsequent reports are processed by a particular report process 306, an (RDF) 313 only has to be opened if the report is a different report type than the last report processed. In addition, if based on the <u>database</u> connection <u>string</u> the same <u>database</u> 309 is to be used, then the existing DBMS 308 session/connection can be used, greatly reducing the startup time.

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